**Ch. 30 Life in the Age of Globalization**

**Orals**

**Due: Thursday, May 2**

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| * **Dress Up**
* **Bring your written answers**
* **Be prepared to answer two questions in class**
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**Economic Shock Therapy in Russia (pages 996-997)**

1. After the fall of the Soviet Union, what did Yeltsin and his ministers hope to do in Russia?
2. Describe specific policies of Yeltsin’s “shock therapy” in Russia
3. What are two possible reasons why economic liberalization didn’t work well in Russia in the 1990s?
4. Who benefitted from shock therapy in Russia? Who paid the biggest price?
5. Identify three negative things that happened to the Russian economy in the 1990s.

**Russian Revival under Vladimir Putin (pages 998-1000)**

1. When was Putin first elected President of Russia? What was his political style (type of rule)?
2. What economic successes did Putin and Russia enjoy in the early 21st century?
3. What reforms did Putin make that were popular with the Russian people?
4. What did Putin think of NATO? What were his thoughts on the former Soviet Union? What did he do with military spending and the secret police?
5. Provide examples of Russian intervention in members of the Commonwealth of Independent States (think Chechnya and Georgia).
6. When did Putin step down? Who replaced him? When did Putin become President again? What did the 15,000 people in the Moscow streets think of his reelection?

**Coping with Change in the Former east Bloc (pages 1000-1001)**

1. Describe Poland’s approach to the economy after the fall of communism. In the decade after the fall of communism, how did Poland rank among former Soviet satellite states?
2. Which three former Soviet satellite states were the most successful after communism fell in meeting the challenges of economic reconstruction?
3. Which institutions and systems did the three countries listed for the answer to question 13 develop that reinforced political freedom and national revival?
4. Compare Czechoslovakia and Poland’s approaches to transitioning to capitalism.
5. Which three former Soviet satellite states were the most successful in their economic transition to capitalism?
6. What did Poland, the Czech Republic, and Hungary do better that Russia in creating?
7. What was the “Velvet Divorce” of 1993?
8. In 1999, what did Poland, Hungary, and the Czech Republic join? What did these same countries and Slovakia gain admission to in 2004?
9. Which countries lagged behind Hungary, Poland, and the Czech Republic in their post-communist transition? Why did they lag behind?
10. Who were the winners and losers of the rebuilding efforts in former communist countries?
11. What did former East Bloc residents miss about communism? What is *Ostalgie*?

**Tragedy in Yugoslavia (pages 1001-1002)**

1. What happened to the republics of Yugoslavia after Tito died in 1980?
2. Who was Milosevic and how did he view independence movements from Serbia?
3. Describe five important events during the Yugoslavian Civil war in the 1990s.
4. What eventually happened to Milosevic?

**Supranational Organizations (pages 1007-1009)**

1. Provide three important facts about the United Nations (UN) from this reading section.
2. Why was the IMF (International Monetary Fund) created?
3. What does the WTO (World Trade Organization) do?
4. What are NGOs, and what do they do?

**The Human Side of Globalization (pages 1004-1005)**

1. Identify some of the costs and benefits of globalization.
2. Describe the multi-tiered society that resulted from the deindustrialization of Europe.
3. Which parts of Europe prospered and suffered in the postindustrial economy?
4. Provide examples of anti-globalization campaigns and protests.

**Life in the Digital Age (pages 1003-1004)**

1. Identify five new technologies of the Digital Age.
2. What are some costs and benefits of the new technologies introduced during the digital age?

**The Prospect of Population Decline (pages 1010-1010)**

1. Since when have birthrates in Europe declined? What are some reasons for this?
2. What are some long-term consequences of falling birthrates in Europe?

**Changing Immigration Flows (pages 1010-1011)**

1. Provide three facts about immigration in Europe in the recent past (1990s forward).

**Ethnic Diversity in Contemporary Europe (pages 1011-1014)**

1. What are some of the positive and negative consequences of immigration in Europe (recent past)?